ARTICLE XVIII LEAVES OF ABSENCE

A. General Provisions

- 1. Applications for leave, except short-term sick leave with or without pay, shall be submitted to the administrator on a request for leave of absence form.
- 2. When an employee finds it necessary to be absent, s/he shall notify the administrator or designee with as much advance notice as possible, preferably the night before but no later than an hour before the time s/he is scheduled to be on duty, except in cases of emergency, so arrangements can be made to secure a substitute if necessary.
- 3. Leaves of absence shall be reported in increments of full or half days.
- 4. An employee shall not be responsible for finding a substitute in the event of his/her absence.
- 5. During leaves of six (6) or more duty days, an employee shall not be required to keep records, prepare lessons, or perform any of the duties required while in attendance.
- 6. An employee on long-term leave shall be considered as if s/he were part of the staff of the school from which s/he took leave. In special circumstances such as cases of extended worker's compensation or relief of duty, this provision may be waived.
- 7. If at any time the reasons given for requesting leave have changed, the employee shall promptly notify the administrator and shall either be directed to return to duty or continue on leave.
- 8. Upon return from leave, the employee shall complete a certificate of absence.
- 9. Any leave days credited to an employee at the time of an approved leave of absence, which are not taken during that leave of absence, shall be credited to the employee upon return to active duty.

- 10. All long-term leaves of absence, unless specifically stipulated otherwise, shall terminate on June 30 of the fiscal year for which the leave was granted.
- 11. An employee granted a long-term leave of absence may be employed while on leave upon approval by the Superintendent.
- 12. For reasons relating to illness of an employee or the employee's spouse, parent, son, or daughter; adoption, or newborn child-care, the employee may take a leave of absence for a period up to 12 weeks under the provisions of the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993.
- 13. Up to one (1) year of long-term medical leave with or without pay, shall be granted to employees for personal illness, or illness or death of a member of the employee's family as defined in Florida Statutes. Any leave taken under the Family and Medical Leave Act referenced above shall count as part of the total leave taken.
- 14. Should an employee on long-term medical leave return to duty for a period of less than one (1) teaching month and then require additional leave for medical reasons, such additional leave shall be considered as one period of leave if within one (1) school year.
- 15. Long-term personal leave of up to one year without pay may be granted, subject to the approval of the Superintendent. Applications for such leave shall include an explanation for the request.

16. Extension of Long-Term Leaves

- a. An extension of up to one year may be granted for long-term medical and personal leave.
- b. An employee who desires an extension of long-term medical leave must request same as soon as possible, but in no event later than one week prior to expiration of the leave.
- c. An employee who desires an extension of long-term personal leave for the following school year must request same in writing by March 15. If

the leave was granted after March 15, any request for extension shall be made as soon as possible.

17. Return from Long-Term Leave

- a. An employee who plans to return to duty at the expiration of a long-term leave shall notify the administrator in writing by March 15 of the school year for which the leave was granted. In the event the leave was granted after March 15, the employee's intent to return to duty at the expiration of the leave shall be deemed given upon requesting the leave. On or before February 15, the Board shall notify each employee on leave of this provision. The employee shall respond, indicating his/her intent to return, requesting an extension, or resigning from his/her position. Except for extenuating circumstances, an employee who fails to respond shall be considered to have resigned with an effective date of his/her last duty day of the fiscal year.
- b. An employee, upon expiration of his/her leave of absence, may return to duty without prejudice and shall be credited with all previous experience earned prior to the leave.
- c. An employee desiring to return from medical leave prior to the leave expiring shall be allowed to return to duty only when a vacancy exists for which s/he is certified and/or qualified.
- d. An employee desiring to return from personal leave prior to the leave expiring may be allowed to return to duty if a vacancy exists for which s/he is certified and/or qualified.
- e. Failure or refusal of an employee returning from long-term leave to accept a written offer of assignment made to his/her last known mailing address shall remove any obligations of the Board to provide further employment.
- f. For employees returning or who have recently returned from medical leave, a doctor's statement may be required.

B. Sick Leave

- 1. An employee shall be credited with four days of sick leave with pay on the first day of employment of each fiscal year, as provided by law.
- 2. An employee shall earn one day of sick leave with pay at the end of each month of employment, credited at the end of that month, which shall not be used prior to the time it is earned and credited to the employee; provided that the employee shall earn no more than one day of sick leave times the number of months of employment during the fiscal year.
- 3. An employee may transfer unused sick leave days from another Florida school district, from another job within the District, and from other State agencies as provided by law. It shall be the employee's responsibility to assist in securing the requested transfer of sick leave credit from his/her previous employer. One day of sick leave may be transferred for each day accruing with the District.
- 4. There shall be no limit to the number of sick leave days which an employee may accrue.
- 5. Sick leave may be used for personal illness of the employee, including a temporary disability due to pregnancy, or for death or personal illness of a member of his/her immediate family, and as provided by the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993.
- 6. The employee may use accumulated sick leave for the purpose of bereavement leave.
- 7. An employee may use accrued sick leave for the purpose of taking physical examinations.
- 8. An employee who has exhausted his/her accumulated sick leave shall be granted sick leave without pay for the reasons stated in B.5. above, not to exceed 20 duty days.
- 9. Employees who work eleven or more days in the summer school program shall earn one (1) day of sick leave. This provision applies to all employees who work in the summer school program.

10. Sick Leave Donation

- a. Any district employee may authorize his or her spouse, child, parent, or sibling who is also a district employee to use sick leave that has accrued to the authorizing employee.
- b. Any district employee may authorize any district employee to use sick leave that has accrued to the authorizing employee as follows:
 - i. The recipient must provide documentation, by the treating physician, of the illness, accident, or injury for which leave is otherwise authorized.
 - ii. The recipient must have at least a ten-day balance of accrued sick days in order to receive donated sick leave.
 - iii. Any unused transferred sick leave shall be returned to the authorizing employee whose donated sick leave has not yet been used.
 - iv. The employee who authorizes the donation must retain at least a ten-day balance in his or her own sick leave account.
- c. The recipient of donated sick leave may not use the donated sick leave until all of his or her sick leave has been depleted, excluding sick leave from a sick leave pool.
- d. Donated sick leave shall have no terminal value.
- C. Illness/Injury In-Line-of-Duty Leave
 - 1. Illness/injury in-line-of-duty leave with pay may be taken when an employee is absent from duty because of:
 - a. A personal injury in the discharge of duty.

- b. An illness contracted as a direct result of his/her employment, if it can be proven that the illness was not contracted from another source.
- 2. Leave for such illness(es) and/or injury(ies) shall be for a period of time not to exceed ten duty days during the school year, as provided by Florida Statutes.
- 3. An employee may request additional leave under Florida Statutes, and if it is not granted, the employee may elect to take accrued sick leave and/or to be paid under Workers' Compensation. If s/he chooses the latter, s/he may be paid the balance of his/her daily rate of pay not provided by Workers' Compensation by using his/her accumulated sick leave on a prorated basis.
- 4. If an employee is injured in the line of duty as a result of a physical assault and/or battery, he/she may be eligible for line-of-duty leave, including an extension as set forth above.

D. Personal Leave

- 1. Up to six (6) days per year, non-cumulative and chargeable to accrued sick leave, may be granted to employees for personal leave, subject to the following:
 - a. Personal leave is to be used for matters which cannot be scheduled outside of regular working hours.
 - b. Employees shall not be required to divulge the reasons for requesting personal leave with pay.
 - c. Except in cases of emergency, or in extenuating circumstances, personal leave is to be requested at least one week in advance.
 - d. Requests for personal leave shall not be unreasonably denied.
 - e. Personal leave may not be taken one (1) duty day before and/or after a scheduled holiday or the first and/or last five (5) days of the school year for students. This shall not be applicable in cases of emergency, to attend the graduation of a spouse, child, parent, or oneself or to work in a voting precinct or the observance of a religious holiday.

- f. Any denial of requests for personal leave which will result in more than 7% or three (3) teachers, whichever is greater, of a school's staff being absent on a given day, shall not be construed as unreasonable denial.
- g. In emergency situations, an administrator may grant personal leave for a brief period of time pending the submission of a request for leave form. During the period of time the leave is granted verbally by the administrator, the employee shall not be considered absent without leave.
- h. Except for emergencies, personal leave may not be used during periods of extended employment outside of the employee's regular work year.
- 2. When an employee has exhausted all sick/personal leave with pay, s/he may be granted short-term personal leave without pay for emergencies or in extenuating circumstances and the restrictions set forth in 1.e. above shall apply.

E. Professional Leaves

1. Exchange Teaching

An employee on continuing or professional service contract may be granted a leave of absence for one year for the purpose of exchange teaching. Exchange teaching shall be limited to accredited public school systems, colleges and universities or similar institutions. The cooperating school system, college or university must furnish an employee to take the place of the employee released by the Board. The released employee shall draw full salary plus the value of any supplements performed by the cooperating employee. Application for exchange teaching for the next school year must be made by April 15.

2. Detached Service

The Board may grant detached service leave for a period of one year for an employee to work in an educational institution, with an official government agency or in such programs as the Peace Corps and the Overseas Exchange Teacher Program. The employee may request an extension of the original leave for up to one additional school year. Before an employee is granted detached service leave, s/he must present evidence of an offer of employment from one of

the accepting agencies. Application for detached service leave for the next school year must be made by April 15.

3. Temporary Duty

- a. Temporary duty leave may be granted by the Superintendent if it is for the benefit of the school or school system, or the professional growth of the employee.
- b. Temporary duty leave may be initiated by the employee or the Board. If initiated by the Board, the Board shall bear all expenses as provided by Florida Statutes.
- c. If initiated by the employee, expenses may be borne by the employee or shared with the Board, if mutually agreed upon prior to the taking of the leave.
- d. Temporary duty leave shall be with full pay for the affected regular duty days of the employee or for any other day if the leave is initiated by the Board and agreed to by the employee.
- e. Temporary duty may be granted for recognized state/national professional subject area organization meetings.

4. Temporary Professional

- a. An employee may be granted professional leave with pay for up to ten (10) duty days, to attend classes (which may include travel time) for earning the required hours for renewal or extension of his/her certificate or license, or for certification in a new teaching area during a five (5) year period. The leave must be requested at least ten duty days prior to the effective date of the leave.
- b. An employee may be granted professional leave without pay for working toward advanced degrees, not to exceed ten duty days at the beginning or at the close of the school year in order to attend summer school classes, except that this leave may not be taken when assigned students. The leave may include consideration of reasonable travel time.

c. Evidence of acceptance in an institution of higher learning must be attached to any request for professional leave to attend a college or university program.

F. Civic Leaves

1. Jury Duty Leave

a. An employee duly subpoenaed to serve on jury duty shall receive his/her full salary and may retain any expense allowance, including transportation reimbursement, provided while serving on jury duty.

b.Such leave shall not be charged against accrued sick or personal leave.

2. Court Leave

- a. Court leave with pay shall be granted to employees, duly subpoenaed or summoned, for the time necessary to make appearances in court proceedings, subject to Subsection c. below. The Superintendent may deny requests for court leave which extend beyond five days, in nonwork related cases. If court leave with pay is denied, personal leave with or without pay shall be granted.
- b. Such leave shall not be charged against accrued sick or personal leave.
- c. An employee shall not be granted court leave in cases where the employee is a litigant against the School Board in a court of law or a state or federal agency proceeding.

3. Political Leave

- a. Leave of absence without pay for up to twelve (12) weeks shall be granted to an employee for the purpose of campaigning for a public office for which s/he has officially qualified.
- b. Leave of absence without pay may be granted for any employee elected to public office.

c. Short-term leave of absence with pay shall be granted for elected public officials to conduct official business for up to five (5) days per year. Additional days may be granted by the Superintendent.

G. Annual Leave

- 1. A 12-month employee shall be granted paid annual leave as provided herein.
- 2. Annual leave shall be credited at the close of each month. Any credited leave beyond thirty (30) days will be removed at the end of each calendar year (December 31). Each employee shall be encouraged to use leave on an annual basis.
- 3. The number of years of continuous experience in Orange County shall determine the allocation of annual leave, which shall be as follows:

Years of Service	Annual Leave Days
0-4	13
5-9	16
10 or more	19

- 4. For purposes of computing the number of years of experience in order to determine the number of days of annual leave to which an employee is entitled, a year of experience is earned when an employee is employed for one or more days beyond six (6) months within a fiscal year.
- 5. One (1) or more days of annual leave may be used at any time during the year subject to the approval of the administrator in advance. Annual leave must be scheduled at a time when it will cause a minimum of interruption to the efficiency of the school.
- 6. A teacher shall be paid at his/her current daily rate of pay for accrued annual leave if s/he is returned to less than 12-month status.

- 7. If Annual Leave is requested and not granted during that fiscal year, an employee shall be paid at the end of that fiscal year for the number of days requested, and his/her annual leave balance shall be adjusted accordingly.
- 8. No employee shall be granted fewer annual leave days than s/he received prior to ratification of this Contract.
- 9. An employee who leaves his/her employment for any reason shall receive payment for all of the annual leave accrued through his/her last duty day up to a maximum of thirty (30) days unless prohibited by law.
- 10. If an employee elects to enter the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), s/he may receive annual leave pay-out subject to the provisions of DROP.

H. Military Leave

1. Short-Term

- a. An employee who is a member of the National Guard, or who is a commissioned reserve officer or reserve enlisted personnel in the United States military service, shall be granted a leave of absence from his/her respective duties, without loss of pay, time or efficiency rating, for all days s/he is engaged in active duty or training ordered under the provisions of the United States military. Such leaves of absence shall not exceed 17 days in any one annual period.
- b. Military leave shall not affect an employee's annual leave time for those positions earning annual leave.
- c. The employee shall attach a copy of his/her orders to his/her request for leave.
- d. The employee should endeavor to have his/her periods of training scheduled during his/her summer vacation. In cases where the employee requests military leave, the employee shall furnish a letter from his/her commanding officer indicating the necessity of taking leave at that time.

2. Long-Term

- a. Extended military leave shall be granted to an employee who is required to serve military obligations in the Armed Forces of the United States.
- b. Employees called to active duty shall receive full pay for the first 30 days.
- c. Employees may elect to use annual leave if applicable after the initial 30 days.
- d. An employee granted long-term military leave shall be re-employed provided that:
 - i. The tour of duty is completed.
 - ii. The application for reemployment is filed within six months following the date of discharge or release from active military duty.
 - iii. Original eligibility for employment has been maintained.
 - iv. Reassignment within a reasonable time, not to exceed six months, is afforded the School Board, except as provided by law.
- e. Military leave shall not be granted to an employee who volunteers to serve when such service is not required.

I. Bereavement Leave

1. When a death occurs in the immediate family of an employee, the employee shall be granted leave with or without pay for up to three (3) duty days to travel to and from the funeral location and attendance at the funeral for in-state activities. An employee shall be granted up to two (2) additional duty days to attend out-of-state funerals. Employees must use sick leave with or without pay for bereavement leave.

- 2. Immediate family is defined as spouse, same sex domestic partner, child (natural or step), mother, father, brother, sister, mother-in-law, father-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent or grandchild.
- 3. Additional time may be granted at the discretion of the Administrator.
- J. In the event the Board seeks to resume the practice of granting sabbatical leave, the District and the Association shall immediately meet to negotiate the provisions governing this sabbatical leave.
- K. The District and the Union will continue to review and implement improvements in the Employee Self Service System (ESS).

L. Quarantine Leave

1. When an employee has been placed in quarantine by a constituted medical or legal authority, he/she shall remain away from assigned duties for the duration of such quarantine. He/she shall continue to receive his/her salary during a quarantine period. Such payments shall not be charged against other compensable leave.